

Life Before the Civil War

1. The geography of SC, including climate, soil conditions, and topography supported growing cotton.

2. When and where did slavery begin?

When: 1800's

Where: in the south

3. Which class promoted slavery? elite

4. What were the reasons why they promoted slavery?

A) It supported their life style

B) It brought profit to SC's economy.

C) It is the way of life in SC.

5. What did the North do after the Revolutionary War?
They started freeing their slaves.

6. What was the invention that Eli Whitney created?
Cotton Gin

7. How did the invention affect slavery?
It increased the amount of slaves

8. What did the cotton gin do?
It cleaned the seeds out of the cotton.

9. What happened to the planters' profits because of the cotton gin and slavery?

the profits increased (more money)

10. What happened as the cultivation of cotton grew in the South?

Increased slaves and increased profit

11. What caused many independent farmers to become slave owners?

Increase their profits and Increase cotton production

Elite

12 Who else became dependent on slave labor?
independent farmers and SC

13. Cause: Increase production of cotton
Effect: Increase in slavery
Effect: Increase in profits (money)

14. More slaves equaled MORE PROFIT regardless of size of the farm.

15. What was accepted as a way of life in the South: slavery

16. What brought prosperity to SC? cash crops (cotton)

17 What was the abolitionist movement? They wanted to end (abolish) slavery.

18. How did the South feel about abolitionists?
They disliked them and even feared them.

19. Why did they fear them?

A) They could end slavery.

B) Promote slaves to rebel.

20. Who were the two sisters who spoke out against slavery?
Sarah and Angelina Grimke

21. What happened to people who spoke out against slavery
in the South?

Treated unkindly and forced to leave the state

22. What did the abolitionists create to help runaway slaves? Underground Railroad

23. What was the Underground Railroad?

A network of houses and safe spots for runaway slaves to stay and travel while escaping.

24. Why was escaping from SC to Canada difficult for most slaves? It was far away, being hunted and weather.

25. The abolitionist movement cause slave owners to be more protective of slavery.

26. What was the argument between the North and the South about?
states' rights and slavery

27. What were the reasons that the South was afraid about more states joining the Union as free states?

A) They could vote to end slavery.

B) They could vote against states' rights.

28. Who supported states' rights in SC? John C Calhoun

29. What is states' right?

The state has the right to make decisions for itself.

30. True: The states' right did not agree with the Constitution's ideas.

31. Abraham Lincoln

32. against slavery

33. They were afraid he end slavery and no states' rights.

34. SC and the South seceded from the Union. (left)

35. They wanted slavery and states' rights.

10. From what Fort and location did the Confederate Army order Union soldiers to leave?

Fort Sumter Charleston Harbor

11. How did President Lincoln respond to the Confederate states and their orders?

He ignored their secession and sent supplies to the troops.

12. Did the Union troops follow the Confederate soldiers orders? NO

13. Who was the first to fire at Fort Sumter? Confederate (south)

14. What caused the Union troops to surrender to the Confederate troops? The lack of supplies and being surrounded.

15. What did the battle at Fort Sumter mean? Start of Civil War

16. South Carolina depended on what export? Cotton Then they used the export to import War Supplies from Europe.

17. What did the United States Navy do to stop the South from receiving much needed supplies?

They formed a blockade on land and sea.

18. How did the blockade affect the people of SC?

They were unable to get supplies like food, weapons, medicines.

It made their lives difficult.

19. What did the SC in order to break the Union blockades placed on their ports? submarines

20. What was the Hunley?

It was submarine built by the South to end the Union blockade.

21. Was the Hunley effective in stopping the blockades. NO!

22. What eventually happened to the Hunley?

It did sink a warship before it was sunk in Charleston Harbor.

23. True: Most of the fighting took place outside of SC.

24. Where were the two locations that Union troops over or tried to capture?

A) Charleston B) Port Royal

25. What was the purpose of General William T Sherman's trip?

It was to destroy supplies and anything useful in hopes of the South wanting to surrender and end the war.

26. Sherman's March to the Sea

Results in Georgia-burned and destroyed plantations and supplies through Savannah

Results in SC- burned and destroyed plantations and supplies- esp. Columbia and Camden

